

- 1 Bats that are not made of a single piece of wood:
 - A. Shall meet the BESR performance standard and be so labeled.
 - B. Shall meet the BBCOR performance standard and be so labeled.
- 2 A fair ball is a batted ball which:
 - A. First falls on fair ground on or beyond first or third base.
 - B. Is over fair ground when it leaves the field over a fence.
 - C. While on or over fair territory, touches the person of an umpire or player, their clothing or equipment.
 - D. A, B and C.
- 3 An infield fly is a fair fly that is hit before there are two outs and at a time when at least first and second bases are occupied and:
 - A. Can be a line drive.
 - B. Can be an attempted bunt.
 - C. Can be caught by an infielder with ordinary effort.
 - D. Must be over the area of the infield grass.
- 4 An intentional base on balls can be given under the following circumstances:
 - A. The coach of the defensive team can alert the plate umpire.
 - B. The catcher of the defensive team can alert the plate umpire.
 - C. The awarding of first base can occur prior to pitching to the batter or on any ball and strike count.
 - D. All of the above.
- 5 B1's batted ball strikes the ground and bounces up to accidentally make contact with the barrel of B1's bat while the bat is over fair ground. B1, at the time, is in the batter's box and is holding his bat.
 - A. Foul Ball.
 - B. Fair Ball.
 - C. B1 is immediately declared out.
 - D. B1 is awarded first base.
- 6 During the pregame conference:
 - A. The umpire-in-chief will ask the home team who is the game site administrator..
 - B. Umpires shall ask the head coaches if their players are legally and properly equipped.
 - C. The umpire-in-chief shall emphasize that all participants are expected to exhibit good sporting behavior throughout the game.
 - D. Both teams shall submit their batting orders with all substitutes listed.
 - E. All of the above.
- 7 The catcher or coach may request to award the batter first base on any ball-and-strike count.
TRUE
FALSE

8 A defensive charged conference is held at the pitching mound with the head coach and all the infielders. The conference is considered to be concluded when:

- One of the players initially starts to return to his position.
- The coach leaves the area of the pitching mound.
- The coach crosses the foul line.

9 If the home team has a charged conference, the visiting team:

- May also have a conference, which is not charged, provided that it concludes its conference when the home team ends its conference and the game is not further delayed.
- Cannot have a conference.
- May have a conference, but it will count as a charged conference.

10 Jones, the starting designated hitter (DH), is pinch-hit for by Smith, a legal substitute.

- The role of the designated hitter is now terminated.
- Jones cannot return to the game even if it is the first time he has been a pinch-hitter or pinch-runner.
- The DH is locked into the position of the DH and can never be replaced.
- Smith is now the designated hitter.

11 The role of the DH is terminated for the remainder of the game when:

- The DH assumes a defensive position.
- When an eligible substitute pinch runs for the DH.
- When the DH is ejected for arguing a strike three call.
- A, B and C.

12 The batter enters the batter's box with a helmet that is cracked.

- The batter is declared out and the head coach is restricted to the dugout/bench.
- The batter is instructed to secure a legal helmet and the damaged helmet is removed from play.
- Both the batter and the head coach are ejected.
- The head coach is restricted to the bench for the balance of the game.

13 The first batter of the game enters the batter's box with an illegal bat.

- The batter is declared out and the head coach is restricted to the dugout/bench.
- The batter is allowed to secure a legal bat since a pitch has not been thrown.
- The batter and the head coach are ejected.
- The batter is out and all coaches are restricted to the dugout/bench.

14 The pitcher delivers an illegal pitch. No runners are on base. The batter hits the pitch and is thrown out at first base.

- BR is not out, the pitch is called a "Ball"
- BR is safe at first because of the illegal pitch
- BR is out

15 2 balls, 2 strikes, No outs. Runner on 1st. R1 attempts to steal 2nd when the batter swings at strike 3 and is hit by the pitch.

- A. BR is awarded first base, R1 to 2nd, ball is dead.
- B. BR is out, R1 placed back at 1st, ball is dead.
- C. BR is out, R1 placed back at 1st, ball is dead.

16 Runner on 2nd. Batter hits ball to shortstop. R2 changes his track to avoid the shortstop fielding the ball and runs behind the shortstop while trying to get to 3rd.

- A. Obstruction, R2 is awarded 3rd base.
- B. R2 is out for running out of the base line
- C. No obstruction. No interference. No penalty.
- D. Interference, R2 is out.

17 Runner on 1st. Batter hits a foul tip into the catchers glove. R1 steals 2nd.

- A. Ball is live, R1 remains on 2nd.
- B. Ball is dead on a foul ball, R1 must return to 1st.

18 Outfielder makes a running catch, takes 3 steps after catching the ball, runs into the outfield fence, falls down, then drops the ball. Is the batter out?

Yes

No

19 Runner on 1st. Batter hits the ball to the shortstop. R1 advances to 2nd, but has to run around the 2nd baseman who is standing next to 2nd. Shortstop steps on 2nd

- A. No obstruction. R1 is out.
- B. Obstruction. R1 is safe.
- C. Interference. R1 is safe.

20 No balls, No strikes, 2 outs. Runners on 1st, 2nd. Batter hits a single, runner on second scores, runner on first base missed second but reaches third. The defense properly appeals that he missed second. The run which scored counts.

TRUE

FALSE

21 Batter squares to bunt and does not pull her bat back. The pitch is outside the strike zone.

- A. Pitch is a "ball"
- B. Pitch is a "strike" because the bat was not pulled back

22 While the runner from first is advancing to 2nd on a base hit, his helmet accidentally falls off. The umpire says the use of a helmet is mandatory by all runners and calls the baserunner out for the violation.

TRUE

FALSE

23 A pitch bounces through the strike zone and the umpire rings up strike one on the batter. When questioned the umpire says the ball is a strike because it passed through the strike zone even though it bounced.

TRUE

FALSE

24 A runner can be tagged out if they overrun first base and move towards second base.

TRUE

FALSE

25 A batter is out for bunting foul on the third strike.

TRUE

FALSE

26 If a pitched ball hits the ground before hitting the batter, the umpire shall award the batter first base.

TRUE

FALSE

27 The center fielder fires the ball from center field in an attempt to get the runner trying to make it to third on the base hit. The ball sails and ends up in the parking lot. At the time of the throw the lead runner was between second and third and the batter-runner was between home and first base. The runners by rule are placed at second and third.

TRUE

FALSE

28 The batter strokes a ball deep to the outfield and in running the bases has to change running direction to avoid a collision with the shortstop. In the umpire's judgment the runner would have made it to third base had there been no change of direction. The ball reaches third base ahead of the runner. By rule the umpire calls "Time" identifies the obstruction on the shortstop and awards the runner third base.

TRUE

FALSE

29 The second baseman takes the strong and accurate throw from the right fielder and is waiting for the runner to come into second base. The runner seeing that he/she is a dead duck barrels into the second baseman and knocks the ball loose. The umpire calls safe.

TRUE

FALSE

30 R2 on second base, the pitcher comes set. R2 takes a sprinting start to third but stops as soon as F1 sees him. F1 steps and throws to third. This is a balk.

TRUE

FALSE

31 R1 is stealing on the pitch to the batter who grounds sharply to the shortstop. F6 looks at 2nd base, realizes he has no play on R1, steps and fires to first. The throw is high and goes into dead ball territory. At the time of F6's throw, R1 had already reached second base.

TRUE

FALSE

32 If the pitcher's pivot foot is parallel to the front edge of the pitcher's plate the pitcher is in the set position.

TRUE

FALSE

33 The batter hits a single to right field and takes a wide turn after touching first. The right fielder throws to the 1st baseman, but the throw is high and goes into the dugout. You award the runner 3rd base. Are you correct?

YES

NO

34 When a batted ball hits home plate first, the umpire should call foul ball.

TRUE

FALSE

35 If a runner is standing on his base when hit by a declared infield-fly batted ball both the runner and batter are out.

TRUE

FALSE

36 It is an immediate dead ball if a fielder tosses his glove at a batted ball and glove hits the ball.

TRUE

FALSE

37 Whenever catcher's interference occurs, the offensive manager **always** has the option of accepting the penalty or taking the result of the play.

TRUE

FALSE

38 The third baseman chases a foul pop-up, attempting to make a catch. When the catch is made, he has one foot in foul ground and another touching on the line delineating out of play territory. This is a legal catch.

TRUE

FALSE

39 Runners on 1st and 3rd. Pitcher comes set, then steps and fakes to 3rd and throws to 1st. Umpire rules a balk.

TRUE

FALSE

40 A balk causes the ball to become dead immediately.

TRUE

FALSE

41 Two trips to the same pitcher in the same inning causes the pitchers removal from the game as a pitcher.

TRUE

FALSE

42 If a team starts the game with 9 players (no substitutes available) and then a player is injured, the game becomes a forfeit.

TRUE

FALSE

43 On a force play, if the runner slides into the base and then pops up and contacts the fielder, it shall be ruled a force play slide rule violation and both the runner and batter will be declared out and all other runners will return to their original bases.

TRUE

FALSE

44 The awarding of bases on an overthrow that goes out of play is always based on the position of the runners at the time of the throw.

TRUE

FALSE

45 R1 is stealing. The batter hits a line drive to shortstop. Shortstop catches the ball and attempts to double up runner at 1st. The shortstop's throw goes out of play. R1 should be awarded 3rd base.

TRUE

FALSE

46

The batter is interfered with by the catcher, but hits a bomb to left center field anyway. He gets thrown out at third trying to stretch a sure double into triple. The offensive head coach may request that catcher's interference be invoked and have the batter be placed at 1st.

TRUE

FALSE

47 Only the head coach may request an intentional walk.

TRUE

FALSE

48 A declared Infield Fly which falls untouched to the ground and rolls into foul territory between home plate and first base is simply a foul ball.

TRUE

FALSE

49 R1 takes a big lead and the pitcher attempts to pick him off. A rundown between 1st and 2nd follows. R1 is heading back to 1st when he is obstructed diving back into the base. The umpires award the runner 2nd base.

TRUE

FALSE

50 If the home plate umpire is asked to check with his partner on a check swing he can only check if the pitch was called a ball.

TRUE

FALSE